

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product: Ready To Use Liquid Bleach

Revised 3/13/2020

## HC5000 - Iowa Prison Industries

### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier: Ready To Use Liquid Bleach  
Other means of identification: HC5000  
Recommended use: Hard surface cleaner  
None known  
Recommended restrictions: March 13, 2020  
Issue Date:

### Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor Information:

Company name: Iowa Prison Industries  
406 N High St  
Anamosa, IA 52205  
Telephone: 1-319-462-3547

Emergency Phone Number: 1-866-923-4913

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical Hazards: Corrosive to metals Category 1  
Health Hazards: Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1  
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1  
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3, respiratory tract irritation  
Environmental hazards: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 1  
acute hazard  
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 2  
long-term hazard  
OSHA defined hazards: Not classified

Label elements:



Signal word: Danger  
Hazard statement: May be corrosive to metals. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Very toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Precautionary statement:

Prevention: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep only in original container. Avoid release to the environment.  
Response: If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Collect spillage.  
Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): None known.

Supplemental information: Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS number	%
Sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-92	5
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	.1

### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash off IMMEDIATELY with plenty of water for at least 15-20 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion: Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed: Corrosive effects. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment: Treat symptomatically. Chemical burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. With eye exposure, continue flushing during transport to hospital.

General information: Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

### SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>).

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Do not use dry extinguishing media that contains ammonium compounds.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters: Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions: In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards: No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate

protective clothing. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see Section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Small spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Large spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions:

Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Use with adequate ventilation. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Do not apply heat or direct sunlight. Temperature and product concentration affect product quality and decomposition rates.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a corrosive resistant container. Consult container manufacturer for additional guidance. Store away from and do not mix with incompatible materials such as acids, oxidizers, organics, reducing agents, and all metals except titanium.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	PEL	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Ceiling	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

US. NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Ceiling Limit Value and Time Period (if specified)

Components	Type	Value
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Ceiling	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

Components	Type	Value
Sodium hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9)	STEL	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Biological limit values:

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls:

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

Eye/face protection:

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield. Wear a full-face respirator, if needed.

Skin/hand protection:	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
Other:	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Reports indicate that sodium hypochlorite can react with various fabrics usually increasing with concentration. Reactions vary significantly depending on strength of chemical, material, fabric treatment and color of dyes. FRC treated cotton has a stronger response than plain cotton. Poly blend fabrics and meta aramid fabric have a weaker response than natural fibers. Contact the Personal Protective Equipment manufacturer for specific information about their products.
Respiratory protection:	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.
Thermal hazards:	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations:	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Appearance

Physical state:	Liquid
Form:	Liquid
Color:	Not available

Odor:	Pungent
Odor threshold:	0.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
pH:	10 - 11 (25 °C/77 °F)
Melting/freezing point:	-4 °F (-20 °C) (7% solution)
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Not available
Flash point:	Not applicable
Evaporation rate:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	Flammability limit- lower(%) Not applicable Flammability limit- upper(%) Not applicable Explosive limit - lower(%) Not available Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available
Vapor pressure:	12 mm Hg (20°C/68°F)
Vapor density:	Not available
Relative density:	Not available
Solubility in water:	Completely miscible
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not available
Decomposition temperature:	Not available
Viscosity:	Not available

### Other Information

Bulk density:	Not applicable
Molecular formula:	NaOCl
Molecular weight:	74.5 g/mol

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability:	Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Contact with incompatible materials. Avoid ultraviolet (UV) light sources. Excessive heat. Reacts violently with strong acids. Acid contact will produce chlorine gas. Amine contact will produce chloramines.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Metals. Organic compounds. Ammonia.

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### Information on likely routes of exposure:

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Ingestion may produce burns to the lips, oral cavity, upper airway, esophagus and possibly the digestive tract.

Inhalation: Vapors and spray mist may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.

Skin contact: Causes skin burns.

Eye contact: Causes eye burns.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics: Corrosive effects. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.

### Information on toxicological effects:

Acute toxicity: Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Product	Species	Test Results
Sodium Hypochlorite Solution 5-17% (CAS Mixture)*		
<b>Acute</b>		
Dermal LD50	Rabbit	> 2 g/kg
Oral LD50	Rat	3 - 4 g/kg

\*Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Causes severe eye burns. Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory sensitization: No data available.

Skin sensitization: No data available.

Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity: This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity  
Sodium hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9) 3, Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity: No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Not available.

Aspiration hazard: Not classified, however droplets of the product may be aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting and may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Chronic effects: Prolonged or repeated overexposure causes lung damage.

Further information: Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Very toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product	Species	Test Results
Sodium Hypochlorite Solution 5-17% (CAS Mixture)*		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	LC50	Daphnia
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)
		1 mg/l
		0.6 mg/l, 48 hours

\*Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability: No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available for this product.

Mobility in soil: Not available.

Other adverse effects: No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal instructions: Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazardous waste code: The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues/unused products: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging: Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**DOT**

UN number: UN1791

UN proper shipping name: Hypochlorite solution

Transport hazard class(es): 8

Subsidiary class(es)–Packing group: III

Special precautions for user: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions: 183, N34, T4, TP2, TP24

Packaging exceptions: 154

Packaging non bulk: 203

Packaging bulk: 241

## IATA

UN number: UN1791  
UN proper shipping name: Hypochlorite solution  
Transport hazard class(es): 8  
Subsidiary class(es) - Packing group: III  
Environmental hazards: Yes  
Labels required: 8  
ERG Code: 8L  
Special precautions for user: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures

## IMDG

UN number: UN1791  
UN proper shipping name: Hypochlorite solution  
Transport hazard class(es): 8  
Subsidiary class(es)- Packing group: III  
Marine pollutant: Yes  
Labels required: 8  
EmS: F-A, S-B  
Special precautions for user: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.  
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MAR POL 73/78 and the IBC Code

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### US federal regulations

**This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.**

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D) Not regulated.  
US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050) Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)  
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2) LISTED  
Sodium hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9) LISTED

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes  
Delayed Hazard - No  
Fire Hazard - No  
Pressure Hazard - No  
Reactivity Hazard - No  
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance - Not listed.  
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical- Yes  
SARA 313 (TRI reporting) - Not regulated.

### Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List Not regulated.  
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130) Not regulated.  
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.  
Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Not regulated.

### US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)  
Sodium hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9)  
US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act  
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)  
Sodium hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9)  
US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law  
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)  
Sodium hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9)  
US. Rhode Island RTK  
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)  
Sodium hypochlorite (CAS 7681-52-9)  
US. California Proposition 65  
California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.  
US - California Proposition 65 -Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance. Not listed.

## International Inventories

Country/Region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).  
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

### NFPA Rating System



### List of abbreviations:

LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%.  
LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%.  
EC50: Effective concentration, 50%.  
TWA: Time weighted average.

### References:

EPA: AQUIRE database  
HSDB®- Hazardous Substances Data Bank  
US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents  
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity  
ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

Disclaimer: This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.

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